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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/622,081	07/16/2003		Arne Sippens Groenewegen	020061-000410US	1847
20350	7590	02/16/2006		EXAM	INER
TOWNSEN	D AND	TOWNSEND AN	BERTRAM, ERIC D		
TWO EMBA EIGHTH FL		RO CENTER		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		CA 94111-3834		3766	

DATE MAILED: 02/16/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	0 -			
	10/622,081	GROENEWEGEN	ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Eric D. Bertram	3766				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	dress			
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, 136(a). In no event, however, may a reput will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI	ATION. bly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this co NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16. 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matte		merits is			
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdres 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 1-37 are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	awn from consideration. r election requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyand ection is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CF				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents. * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Apiority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date				
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		formal Patent Application (PTC	D-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-7, drawn to a method for compiling data to enhance diagnosis of a myocardial infarction, classified in class 600, subclass 515.
 - II. Claims 8-12, drawn to a method for enhancing diagnosis of a myocardial infarction, classified in class 600, subclass 515.
 - III. Claim 13, drawn to a method for enhancing diagnosis of a myocardial infarction, classified in class 600, subclass 515.
 - IV. Claims 14 –16, drawn to a system for using stored ECG data to enhance diagnosis of a myocardial infarction, classified in class 607, subclass 119.
 - V. Claims 17-24, drawn to an apparatus for enhancing diagnosis of myocardial infarctions, classified in class 607, subclass 119.
 - VI. Claims 25-37, drawn to a method for diagnosis of a myocardial infarction, classified in class 600, subclass 515.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions I and II are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention I has separate utility such as compiling the ECG data from multiple patients in order to perform statistical analyses

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on the data instead of comparing the compiled data to the ECG of a patient with an unknown condition. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

- 3. Inventions III and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination as claimed does not require that the stored ECG data be acquired from multiple patients, which is required by the subcombination as claimed. The subcombination has separate utility such as compiling the ECG data from multiple patients in order to perform statistical analyses on the data instead of comparing the compiled data to the ECG of a patient with an unknown condition.
- 4. Inventions I and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to compare new ECG data to stored ECG data, which is not described in the method as claimed.
- 5. Inventions I and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as

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claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus can be used to practice a process that acquires or uses thallium scan data, which is not described by the method as claimed.

- 6. Inventions VI and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination as claimed does not require that the group correlations be stored. The subcombination has separate utility such as a method for storing group correlations of heart data.
- 7. Inventions III and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination as claimed does not require that the stored ECG data be derived from multiple patients, which is required by the subcombination as claimed. The subcombination has separate utility such as determining whether a myocardial infarction occurred in the patient.
- 8. Inventions II and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be

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practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed is used to compare new ECG data with ECG data collected from patients having experienced temporary cardiac ischemia only during percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty, which is not described in the method as claimed.

- 9. Inventions II and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice a process that acquires or uses thallium scan data, which is not described by the method as claimed.
- 10. Inventions VI and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination as claimed does not require that the cardiac data from reference patients be previously stored, as is claimed in the subcombination. The subcombination has separate utility such as a method for storing group correlations of heart data.

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- 11. Inventions III and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to acquire ECG data from patients having experienced a myocardial infarction, which is not described in the process.
- 12. Inventions III and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice a process that acquires or uses thallium scan data, which is not described by the method as claimed.
- 13. Inventions VI and III are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination as claimed does not require that the ECG data from reference patients be stored, as is claimed in the

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subcombination. The subcombination has separate utility such as a method for comparing historical data to current data.

- 14. Inventions V and IV are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the combination as claimed does not require a data storage module for the correlation database, as is claimed in the subcombination. The subcombination has separate utility such as a storage device for databases of ECG data.
- 15. Inventions VI and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to store historical data for comparison, while the method as claimed does not describe using stored data.
- 16. Inventions VI and V are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the process as claimed can be practiced using multiple

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electrocardiogram leads that are not attached to a disposable panel, as is claimed in the apparatus.

17. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

18. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric D. Bertram whose telephone number is 571-272-3446. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and every other Friday from 8-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert E. Pezzuto can be reached on 571-272-6996. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robert E Pezzuto

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Art Unit 3766

Eric D. Bertram Examiner Art Unit 3766

EDB